

Whistleblowing Policy

DATE APPROVED	26 th June 2023		
REVIEW DATE	26 th June 2025		
SIGNED DEPUTY EXECUTIVE PRINCIPAL	Mary Ellen McCarthy	DATE	26 th June 2023
SIGNED CHAIR OF DIRECTORS	Ray Vango	DATE	26 th June 2023

Contact Details:

Designated Safeguarding Leads & Headteacher/s

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Chairs of local Governing Bodies:

Saxon Primary: Mrs. Jo Roberts

Echelford Primary: Mrs. Alex Williams

Riverbridge Primary: Mrs. Tajinder Salotera

Walton Oak Primary: Mr. Keiran Patel
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Local Authority Designated Officer

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Introduction & Purpose of Policy

Lumen Learning Trust is committed to the highest possible standards of honesty, openness, probity and accountability. It seeks to conduct its affairs in a responsible manner, to ensure that all its activities are openly and effectively managed, and that the Trust's integrity and the principles of public interest disclosure are sustained.

clerktogovernors@lumenlearningtrust.co.uk

The Trust and its workforce seek to run all aspects of school business and activity with full regard for high standards of conduct and integrity. If members of the school workforce (which includes governance teams, temporary staff, contractors and volunteers), parents or the school community at large become aware of activities which give cause for concern, we have in place a whistleblowing policy and procedure. The policy is a statutory requirement for academies and a DfE recommended procedure for maintained schools. It acts as a framework to allow concerns to be raised confidentially and provides for a thorough and appropriate investigation of the matter to bring it to a satisfactory conclusion, under the Trust's disciplinary procedure.

We are committed to tackling fraud and other forms of malpractice and treat these issues seriously. We recognise that some concerns may be extremely sensitive. We have therefore developed a system which allows for the confidential raising of concerns within the school environment but which also has recourse to an external party

outside the management structure of the school. All concerns raised by whistleblowers will be responded to properly and fairly.

All staff are made aware of the whistleblowing process and how it will be managed, as outlined below, through regular briefings and through the staff handbook.

Appropriate circumstances for whistleblowing

Individuals are encouraged to come forward with genuine concerns, knowing that they will be taken seriously. A whistleblower should ask themselves a few questions about their concern before taking action:

- Is it in the public interest?
- Is it, or do you believe it to be, illegal?
- Is it a criminal offence?
- Is the environment damaged or likely to be damaged?
- Is it, or do you believe it to be, against codes of practice issued by the school, the local authority (LA), the DfE or a professional body?
- Does it contradict what the employee has been taught, or should have been taught?
- Is it about an individual's behaviour or is it about general working practices?
- Has the whistleblower witnessed the incident?
- Does it constitute the covering up of wrongdoing?
- Does it concern actions that negatively affect the welfare of children?

If any individual raises malicious unfounded concerns or attempts to make mischief, this will also be taken seriously and may constitute a disciplinary offence or require some other form of penalty appropriate to the circumstances. The headteacher will consider whether any disciplinary action is appropriate against the individual who made it. The police may be asked to consider whether any action might be appropriate against the person responsible, even if s/he was not a pupil or employee.

Examples of issues include:

- Manipulation of accounting records and finances.
- Inappropriate use of school assets or funds.
- Gross mismanagement of funds.
- Decision making for personal gain.
- Any criminal activity.
- Damage to the environment of the school, to property belonging to the school or to a member of the school community.
- Dangerous practices.
- Child protection issues including sexual, emotional or physical abuse of pupils or others.
- Abuse of position.
- Serious misuse or abuse of authority.
- A miscarriage of justice.
- Fraud and deceit or corrupt practices.
- Serious breaches of school procedures which may advantage a particular party (for example, tampering with tender documentation, failure to register a personal interest).
- Other unethical conduct, including the circulation of inappropriate e-mails.
- A breach of any legal obligation.
- Suppressing information about anything listed above.

Whistleblowers are encouraged to put their name to an allegation. If confidentiality is requested, the governing board will do its best to protect the identity of any member of staff who raises concerns. It will not disclose the identity of the whistleblower to the person who is the subject of the disclosure or to others not involved in the investigation unless it is absolutely necessary to do so and only with the prior consent of the individual concerned.

There are, however, circumstances under which complete confidentiality may be difficult for the governors to maintain. For example:

- If the matter leads to a legal procedure and evidence is required by the court.
- If the issue raised comes within the remit of another school procedure and the whistleblower is asked to provide a signed statement as part of the evidence, thus revealing their identity.
- When the safeguarding of children is the issue.

Anonymous allegations will only be considered if the issues raised are:

- · Very serious.
- The credibility of the allegation is considered to be high.
- The likelihood of confirming the allegation is high.

Procedure

Stage 1

- As the first step, you should raise the matter with an appropriate level of line management which would
 normally be your own line manager or the member of staff designated to deal with initial whistleblowing.
 Much depends, however, on the seriousness and sensitivity of the issues involved and who is suspected of
 malpractice. If you believe that your immediate manager(s) is involved, the headteacher or governance
 professional should be approached, that is go to stage 2 of the procedure.
- Concerns may be raised orally or in writing, but it is preferable for an allegation to be set out in writing. An allegation may also be made by phone or email. It is important, however, that when the concern is raised, you make it clear that the issue is being raised under the whistleblowing policy.
- You will be asked to demonstrate to the person that you contact that there are sufficient grounds for concern.
- If the allegation is written, the background and history should be set out, giving names, dates and places wherever possible, and the reasons why the situation is a cause for concern. You should date and sign this statement.
- If the allegation is made orally, you can invite a friend or representative of a trade union/professional association to be present. It is also permissible for a trade union or professional association representative to raise the matter on your behalf.
- If you wish to raise the concern confidentially, this must be made clear to the person who is initially contacted.
- If you have raised the issue orally, you will be asked to put your concerns into writing, which you should date and sign.
- You will be told what steps the line manager intends to take to address the concern. S/he may be able to take the appropriate steps to investigate the matter raised. Alternatively, s/he may refer the matter to a member of the senior leadership team, the headteacher or to the chair of governors.
- Once the issue has been raised, you will be contacted within five working days by the headteacher or the governance professional who will arrange to meet to discuss the matter. Again, a friend or trade union/professional association representative may accompany you for the purposes of giving support.
- Notes will be taken of the details of the concern and you will be asked to sign a copy of these notes.
- Depending on the gravity of the allegation, the headteacher will consult with the appropriate body. It is at
 this point that it may become impossible to retain complete confidentiality, should the matter become an
 issue, for example for the school's disciplinary policy or even a matter for the police. The headteacher
 should always inform the Trust's legal professional.
- An initial response will be given within five working days. You will be informed of the progress of the investigation and if continued confidentiality is an issue.
- When the matter has been fully investigated and a conclusion reached, a formal written response will be sent to you.
- The line manager/headteacher will also notify the person who is the subject of the disclosure within five working days of the meeting. Upon receipt of the information, the individual will be able to appeal against any decisions by writing to the headteacher or governance professional.

Stage 2

• If you are dissatisfied with the school's response, you can raise the matter within 10 working days of the date of the school's response by writing to the headteacher or governance professional.

- The headteacher/governance professional will then write to you within five working days of receiving the letter to arrange a meeting to discuss the continuing concerns and why you are dissatisfied with stage 1. This meeting should take place promptly. Again, you may be accompanied by a friend or representative of your trade union/professional association.
- The headteacher/governance professional may then decide to investigate further and will need to decide what action to take. You will be updated with the outcome of the meeting within five working days.

Stage 3

If you are dissatisfied with the outcome of stage 2, you may opt to take the matter to stage 3, by raising the matter externally within 10 working days of the date of the decision letter at stage 2.

- If you feel unable to follow this route or are employed in an academy, you have the option of contacting any of the prescribed people or bodies recommended in the government publication 'Whistleblowing: list of prescribed people and bodies' October 2021.
- It is an expectation that should an individual decide to progress to Stage 3 the school involved is notified before doing so.
- For matters relating to schools these would be:
 - o Ofqual.
 - o Ofsted.
 - o The Education Secretary/DfE.
 - o Your Member of Parliament.

In taking your concern outside the school, you should ensure that, as far as possible, the matter is raised without confidential information being divulged.

You are protected by law from dismissal, harassment, bullying or other detriment by your employer or other members of staff with whom you work. If this occurs, you have the right to take your case to an employment tribunal.

Allegations against the headteacher

If an employee is concerned that the headteacher is the wrongdoer or involved in the wrongdoing, has failed to make a proper investigation or has failed to report the outcome of the investigation, this should be reported to any of the following:

- Chair of Governors of the school
- Governance Professional of the Trust
- Executive Principal of the Trust
- Chair of Directors of the Trust

Monitoring and review

Trust Directors are responsible for monitoring the implementation and effectiveness of this policy. It will be reviewed by the board of Directors at agreed intervals.

Links with other policies

This policy links with:

- Staff Code of Conduct
- Staff Disciplinary and Capability Procedures policy
- Child Protection policies (individual to each school)